**ADAPTATIONS**

**GRIZZLY BEAR**



Is a physiological adaptation.

The long hear of bear.

 This helps to keep the temperature constant.

**THE SEAL**



Is a physiological adaptation.

The fat layer.

The fat layer of the seals helps to minimize heat loss.

**THE BEE**



Is a structural adaptation.

The mouth of insect.

The form of mouth of insects would enable it to sucking nectar of flowers.



Is a structural adaptation.

This algae developed fixed structures in the bottom of the talus.( fixing up)

The fixed structures can stick to the rocks of the coastal zone to avoid being swept away by waves.

**TROPICAL PLANTS**



Is a structural adaptation.

The plants with large leaves.

The large leaves to have a maximum surface photosynthesizing.

**THE ROSEMARY**



Is a structural adaptation.

It has got a small leaves.

The small leaves help prevent excessive water loss.